## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT** 

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants 3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>	<u>Exhibits</u>
Certificate of Board	3	
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Reports:		
Report on Basic Financial Statements  Report on Internal Control and Compliance ( <i>Government Auditing Standards</i> )  Report on Compliance and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	5 7 9	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	11	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	16	
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	25	A-1
Statement of Activities	26	B-1
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	27	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds  Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	28	C-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in		
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	29	C-3
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	30	C-4
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	31	D-1
Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds	32	D-2
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	33	D-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	34	E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds	35	E-2
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	36	F-1
Required Supplementary Information:		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	62	G-1
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	63	G-2
Schedule of District Net Pension Contributions	64	G-3
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability	65	G-4
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions	66	G-5
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	67	G-6
Other Supplementary Information:		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable  Budgetary Comparison Schedules Required by the Texas Education Agency:	69	J-1
School Breakfast and National School Lunch Program	70	J-3
Debt Service Fund	71	J-4
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators	72	J-5
FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION		
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	74	K-1
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	76	K-2

#### **CERTIFICATE OF BOARD**

Greenville Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Hunt</u> County	116-905 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the att	·	
reviewed and approved/ of the board of school trustees of such sch		
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Boa	ard President
If the auditor's report was checked above necessary):	e as disapproved, the reaso	ons(s) therefore is/are (attach list if

FINANCIAL SECTION

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd. Greenville, Texas 75401 (903) 455-6252 Fax (903) 455-6667

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenville Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenville Independent School District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Independent Auditor's Report - Continued

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary information schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rutherford, Taylor & Congany PL

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2021, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

November 22, 2021 Greenville, Texas

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

3500 Joe Ramsey Blvd.

Greenville, Texas 75401

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

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#### Members of the Board

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Greenville Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2021.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Report on Internal Control - Continued

Rutherford, Taylor & Company PL

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 22, 2021 Greenville, Texas

### RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Greenville Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

#### Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance - Continued

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

November 22, 2021 Greenville, Texas

Mutherford, Taylor & Company PL

No

No

#### **Summary of Auditor's Results**

Financial Statements -

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified Opinion

Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Material weaknesses identified

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Noncompliance material to the financial

statements noted None

Federal Awards -

Material weaknesses identified None

Significant deficiencies identified that are

Type of Auditor's report issued on

compliance for major programs Unmodified opinion

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance

with the Uniform Guidance

Identification of major programs

Head Start (93.600)

21<sup>ST</sup> Century Grant (84.287)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish

between Type A and Type B programs \$ 750,000

Entity qualified as a low risk auditee Yes

Pass-through Entities Texas Education Agency

Federal Award	<b>Findings</b>	and Questioned	Costs	(Section	III)
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Corrective	Action	Plans (	(Section	V)
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This section of Greenville Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$ 9,359,145 at June 30, 2021.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$8,309,441 less than the \$69,827,710 generated in local property taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The District experienced disruption in traditional educational services due to state and national responses to the COVID-19 pandemic during the year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$23,748,476.
- The District issued general obligation bonds to refund outstanding debt to achieve reduced interest over the life
  of the debt.

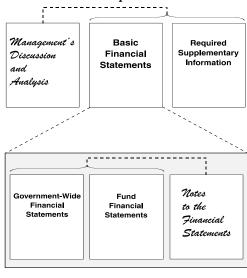
#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as a print shop.

the District's Annual Financial Report

Figure A-1, Required Components of



Summary Detail

Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as
a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements										
	Fund Statements									
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
	Entire Agency's government	The activities of the district	Activities the district	Instances in which the						
	(except fiduciary funds)	that are not proprietary or	operates similar to private	district is the trustee or						
Scope	and the Agency's component	fiduciary	businesses: self insurance	agent for someone else's						
Scope	units			resources						
	Statement of net assets	Balance sheet	Statement of net assets	Statement of fiduciary net assets						
Required financial	Statement of activities	Statement of revenues.	Statement of revenues.	◆ Statement of changes						
statements	patement of activities	expenditures & changes	expenses and changes in	in fiduciary net assets						
sitiemenis		in fund balances	fund net assets	,						
			◆Statement of cash flows							
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting and	Modified accrual	Accrual accounting and	Accrual accounting and						
and measurement	economic resources focus	accounting and current	economic resources focus	economic resources focus						
focus		financial resources focus								
	All assets and liabilities,	· • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	All assets and liabilities,	All assets and liabilities,						
Type of	* · ·	*	both financial and capital,	both short-term and long-						
asset/liability	short-term and long-term	- C	and short-term and long-	term; the Agency's funds do						
information		year or soon thereafter;	term	not currently contain						
		no capital assets included		capital assets, although						
				they can						
	All revenues and	Revenues for which cash	All revenues and expenses	All revenues and						
	expenses during year,	is received during or soon	during year, regardless of	expenses during year,						
Tr. 6	regardless of when cash	after the end of the year;	when cash is received or	regardless of when cash						
Type of	is received or paid	expenditures when goods or services have been	paid	is received or paid						
inflow/outflow		or services have seen								
information		received and payment is								
		due during the year or soon thereafter								
		SOOH HICICARCI								

accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$ 9,359,145 at June 30, 2021.

					Table A-
Greenville Independ	ent Schoo	District's Ne	t Po	osition	Total
					Percentage
		Governmenta	al A	ctivities	Change
		2021		2020	2020-2021
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	32,586,714	\$	,,-	7.46%
Other Assets		9,621,125		8,359,868	15.09%
Capital Assets less Accumulated		99 250 462		00 052 609	-2.00%
Depreciation		88,250,462	_	90,052,608	
Total Assets	\$_	130,458,301	\$	128,737,694	1.34%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_\$	17,339,054	\$	9,295,689	86.53%
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	\$	6,017,539	\$	7,092,141	-15.15%
Long-term Liabilities		116,575,985		116,581,152	0.00%
Total Liabilities	\$	122,593,524	\$	123,673,293	-0.87%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	15,844,686	\$	13,310,386	19.04%
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	7,801,068	\$	7,089,649	10.03%
Restricted		9,853,327	·	11,470,844	-14.10%
Unrestricted		(8,295,250)		(17,510,789)	-52.63%
Total Net Position	\$	9,359,145	\$	1,049,704	-791.60%

Approximately \$ 4,648,073 of the District's restricted net position represent funds for debt retirement. Unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

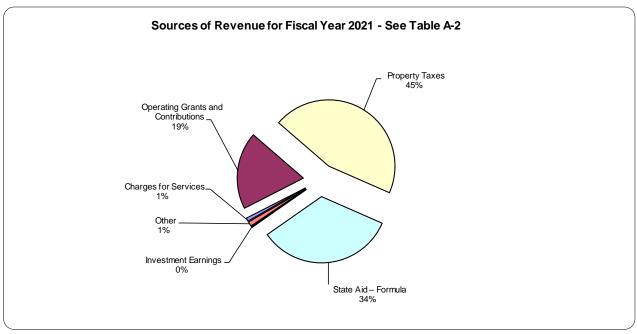
The District's total revenues were \$69,827,710. 45% of the District's revenue comes from property taxes (See Table A-3). 53% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 2% relates to charges for services and other miscellaneous revenues, including investment earnings.

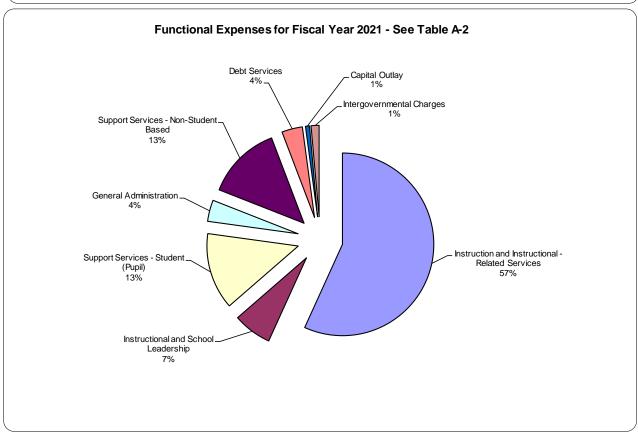
The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 61,518,269. 57% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related staff and student services.

The District's base tax collection percentage rate (current and delinquent – base tax only) was 98.74%. The total tax collection percentage rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 100.07%

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

					Table A-2	
Changes in Greenville Independe	nt Scho	ool District's l	Net	Position	Total	
	Governmental Activities					
		2021	a. , ,	2020	Change 2020-2021	
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$	571,597	\$	739,634	-22.72%	
Operating Grants and Contributions		13,167,548		15,963,881	-17.52%	
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes		31,585,242		29,951,444	5.45%	
State Aid – Formula		23,538,072		22,557,054	4.35%	
Investment Earnings		171,237		434,190	-60.56%	
Other		794,014		38,735	1949.86%	
Total Revenues	\$	69,827,710	\$	69,684,938	0.20%	
_						
Expenses: Instruction	Φ.	24 600 050	Φ	2F 402 040	40.700/	
	\$	31,696,653	<b>Þ</b>	35,493,840	-10.70%	
Instructional Resources and Media Services		310,673		410,501	-24.32%	
Curriculum and Staff Development		2,927,720		2,776,865	5.43%	
Instructional Leadership		744,175		638,132	16.62%	
School Leadership		3,458,071		4,028,085	-14.15%	
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,413,875		2,238,353	7.84%	
Social Work Services		74,342		61,319	21.24%	
Health Services		551,699		500,958	10.13%	
Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,526,356		1,832,272	-16.70%	
Food Services		1,731,017		2,604,027	-33.53%	
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,044,137		2,088,294	-2.11%	
General Administration		2,326,401		2,410,420	-3.49%	
Plant Maintenance and Operations		5,251,479		4,991,768	5.20%	
Security and Monitoring Services		571,582		587,442	-2.70%	
Data Processing Services		2,137,654		1,617,794	32.13%	
Community Services		188,439		308,981	-39.01%	
Debt Service		2,254,898		3,211,153	-29.78%	
Capital Outlay		436,241		87,404	399.11%	
Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		269,135		429,373	-37.32%	
Other Intergovernmental Charges		603,722		595,280	1.42%	
Total Expenses	\$	61,518,269	\$	66,912,261	-8.06%	
F (D.f.: ) D.f. (D.: )						
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,	<b>ተ</b>	0 200 444	Φ	0 770 077	400.000/	
Uses and Transfers	_\$_	8,309,441	\$	2,772,677	199.69%	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	8,309,441	\$	2,772,677	199.69%	
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		1,049,704		(1,722,973)	160.92%	
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	9,359,145	\$	1,049,704	791.60%	





- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 61,518,269.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$ 31,585,242.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$ 571,597 or
- By grants and contributions, \$13,167,548.

Greenville Independent School District Net Cost of Selected District Functions								
	Total Cost	of Services	%	Net Cost of	of Services	%		
	2021	2020	Change	2021	2020	Change		
Instruction	\$ 31,696,653	\$ 35,493,840	-10.70%	\$ 24,504,351	\$ 26,491,075	-7.50%		
School Leadership	3,458,071	4,028,085	-14.15%	3,009,148	3,233,387	-6.94%		
General Administration	2,326,401	2,410,420	-3.49%	2,091,225	2,247,929	-6.97%		
Plant Maintenance and Operations	5,251,479	4,991,768	5.20%	5,150,873	4,684,413	9.96%		
Debt Service	2,254,898	3,211,153	-29.78%	2,151,752	3,095,085	-30.48%		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues in the governmental funds totaled \$69,260,823. This represents an increase of \$1,576,460 from the prior year revenues of \$67,684,364. The change represents an increase in local and state revenues mostly due changes in state funding procedures.

Expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$63,629,617. This represents an increase of \$1,159,763 from the prior year expenditures of \$62,469,854. This increase includes generic operating cost increase as well as major facility maintenance costs.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$5,767,848 below final budget amounts. The most significant positive variance resulted from reduced expenditures in the instruction functional category as well as less than anticipated costs for maintenance and operations.

Resources available were \$ 387,231 above the final General Fund budgeted amount. The favorable variance was the result of better than anticipated local revenues including property tax collections.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At year-end, the District had invested \$ 153,241,338 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Greenville Indepe	ndent Sch	ool District's (	Сар	ital Assets	Table A-4  Total  Percentage
		Governmen	tal /	Activities	Change
		2021		2020	2020-2021
Land	\$	1,607,652	\$	1,607,652	0.00%
Buildings and Improvements		140,661,862		140,408,087	0.18%
Vehicles		5,127,277		4,559,325	12.46%
Equipment		4,356,671		4,230,190	2.99%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	153,241,338	\$	150,805,254	1.62%
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(64,990,876)		(60,752,646)	6.98%
Net Capital Assets	\$	88,250,462	\$	90,052,608	-2.00%

#### **DEBT**

At year-end the District had \$87,066,162 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Bond Ratings -**

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Gre	Table A-5		
			Total Percentage Change
	 2021	2020	2020-2021
Bonds Payable Loans Payable Other Debt Payable	\$ 71,275,000 \$ 1,418,571 14,372,591	73,445,000 1,348,387 8,348,564	-2.95% 5.21% 72.16%
Total Debt Payable	\$ 87,066,162 \$	83,141,951	4.72%

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES**

The District's property valuation has stabilized and reflects an upward trend based on overall economic conditions and commercial development in the District. Local property tax rates are restricted by state statute, without local elections, to \$ 0.97 for maintenance and operations. The State Legislature passed HB3 which included various changes to the property tax rate setting process thus limiting school district's opportunities for tax modifications and compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. The additional changes required under HB3 could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flow.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to at an historical growth rate as indicated by steady property valuation changes over the previous few years. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions should allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2019-2021 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased significantly. With these increases, the state imposed requirements to spend at least 30% of the new funding on salaries to personnel with at least 75% of the 30% to be for teachers and other designated classes of employees. With these increases in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

The global outbreak of coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") presents various global risks. The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. Management of the District is actively monitoring the global situation on its financial condition, liquidity, operations, supplies, vendors, and industry. Given the evolution of the COVID-19 outbreak and the global responses to curb its spread, the District is not able to estimate the effects, if any, of the COVID-19 outbreak on its results of operations and financial condition.

The State, attempting to assist school district's financial stability, utilized additional federal funding received due to impact of the coronavirus pandemic. This additional funding source allocated to school districts was used to offset the attendance loss to the district's state funding. As such district expenditures have been reclassified as federal expenditures and fund balance can be affected.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to: Sherry Dodson, Chief Financial Officer, PO Box 1022, Greenville, TX 75401.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

1

Data			1
Control Codes	_	G 	overnmental Activities
	*******		
4440	ASSETS	•	00 500 744
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	32,586,714
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		2,011,473
1240	Due from Other Governments		7,462,062
1290	Other Receivables, Net		140,716
1300	Inventories		6,874
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		1,607,652
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		83,067,938
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		2,086,996
1580	Construction in Progress		1,487,876
1000	Total Assets	_\$_	130,458,301
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1701	Deferred Outflows - Refunding	\$	10,082,587
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions		5,096,572
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB		2,159,895
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$</u>	17,339,054
	LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	1,062,450
2140	Interest Payable	•	662,307
2165	Accrued Liabilities		4,229,679
2300	Unearned Revenue		63,103
2000	Noncurrent Liabilities:		00,100
2501	Due within one year		1,881,191
2502	Due in more than one year		
	•		85,184,971
2540	Net OPER Liability		14,322,519
2545	Net OPEB Liability		15,187,304
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>  \$                                  </u>	122,593,524
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$	2,571,326
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB		13,273,360
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_\$_	15,844,686
	NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investments in Capital Assets	\$	7,801,068
	Restricted For:		
3820	Federal and State Programs		1,621,893
3850	Debt Service		4,648,073
3890	Other Programs		3,583,361
3900	Unrestricted		(8,295,250)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	9,359,145

Net (Expense)

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

1 3 4

					Program	Reven	ues		evenue and anges in Net Position
Data							Operating		
Contro	I			Cł	narges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes			Expenses		Services		ontributions		Activities
00000	· ·				20.11000				7.0
44	Governmental Activities:	\$	24 707 224	¢.	224 400	¢.	6 064 440	¢.	(24 545 022)
11	Instruction	\$	31,707,334	\$	231,190	\$	6,961,112	\$	(24,515,032)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		310,673		-		101,164		(209,509)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		2,927,720		-		1,724,284		(1,203,436)
21	Instructional Leadership		744,175		-		75,861		(668,314)
23	School Leadership		3,458,071		-		448,923		(3,009,148)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		2,413,875		-		735,166		(1,678,709)
32	Social Work Services		74,342		-		5,785		(68,557)
33	Health Services		551,699		-		89,098		(462,601)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,526,356		-		88,162		(1,438,194)
35	Food Services		1,731,017		91,018		1,780,522		140,523
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,044,137		246,749		140,916		(1,656,472)
41	General Administration		2,326,401		-		235,176		(2,091,225)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		5,251,479		2,640		97,966		(5,150,873)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		571,582		-		165,792		(405,790)
53	Data Processing Services		2,137,654		-		58,110		(2,079,544)
61	Community Services		177,758		-		146,192		(31,566)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,704,228		-		103,146		(1,601,082)
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		550,670		-		-		(550,670)
81	Capital Outlay		436,241		-		-		(436,241)
93	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		269,135		-		210,173		(58,962)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		603,722						(603,722)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	61,518,269	\$	571,597	\$	13,167,548	\$	(47,779,124)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	61,518,269	\$	571,597	\$	13,167,548	\$	(47,779,124)
		Gene	eral Revenues:						
MT		Pro	perty Taxes, Lev	ied for	General Purpo	se		\$	25,150,829
DT		Pro	perty Taxes, Lev	ied for	Debt Service				6,434,413
ΙE		Inve	estment Earning	S					171,237
GC		Gra	nt and Contribut	ions No	t Restricted to	Speci	fic Programs		23,538,072
MI		Miscellaneous							794,014
TR		Tota	al General Reve	nues				\$	56,088,565
CN		Cha	ange in Net Posi	tion				\$	8,309,441
NB		Net F	Position - Beginn	ing (Jul	y 1)				1,049,704
NE		Net F	Position - Ending	(June	30)			\$	9,359,145

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	29,577,292	\$	5,319,436	\$	6,380,760	\$	41,277,488
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	23,748,476	\$	4,938,648	\$	5,651,088	\$	34,338,212
3600	Unassigned		21,741,602	-	<u> </u>				21,741,602
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		2,000,000		-		-		2,000,000
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-		-		276,726		276,726
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		-		-		3,752,469		3,752,469
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		4,938,648		-		4,938,648
3450	Federal/State Funds Grants		-		-		1,621,893		1,621,893
	Restricted Fund Balances:	,	•						,
3410	Nonspendable Fund Balances: Inventories	\$	6,874	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,874
	FUND BALANCES								
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	1,639,741	\$	371,732	\$		\$	2,011,473
2610	Deferred Property Taxes	\$	1,639,741	\$	371,732	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,011,473
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	4,189,075	_\$	9,056	\$	729,672	_\$_	4,927,803
2300	Oneaneu Revenues				9,056	-	54,047		63,103
2160	Accrued Wages Payable Unearned Revenues		3,757,252		0.056		343,736		4,100,988
2150	Payroll Deductions & Withholdings		128,691		-		242.722		128,691
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	303,132	\$	-	\$	331,889	\$	635,021
	LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:								
1000	Total Assets	\$	29,577,292	\$	5,319,436	\$	6,380,760	\$	41,277,488
1300	Inventories		6,874						6,874
1290	Other Receivables		112,199		28,517		-		140,716
1240	Due from Other Governments		4,351,504		-		3,110,558		7,462,062
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		1,639,741		371,732		-		2,011,473
1110	ASSETS Cash and Investments	\$	23,466,974	\$	4,919,187	\$	3,270,202	\$	31,656,363
Codes	_		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Control			General		Service	Go	overnmental	G	overnmental
Data			.0		Debt		Other		Total
			10		50				

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total fund balances - Balance Sheet (governmental funds)

\$ 34,338,212

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	88,250,462
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	2,011,473
The assets and liabilities of internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	502,922
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(71,275,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(662,307)
Payable for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,418,571)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	10,082,587
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(14,322,519)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(2,571,326)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	5,096,572
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(6,564,937)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(7,807,654)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(15,187,304)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(13,273,360)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	2,159,895

Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position

\$ 9,359,145

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		10		50				98
Data				Debt		Other		Total
Control		General		Service	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
Codes		Fund		Fund		Funds	Ū	Funds
00000	_	 T dild		T dild		Tunuo		Turido
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 26,291,859	\$	6,427,327	\$	751,963	\$	33,471,149
5800	State Program Revenues	25,772,235		103,146		462,173		26,337,554
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 1,043,098				8,409,024		9,452,122
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 53,107,192	\$	6,530,473	\$	9,623,160	\$	69,260,825
	EXPENDITURES							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction	\$ 24,453,620	\$	-	\$	3,960,421	\$	28,414,041
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	143,009		-		91,491		234,500
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	1,278,611		-		1,601,204		2,879,815
0021	Instructional Leadership	721,760		-		7,342		729,102
0023	School Leadership	3,130,230		-		215,057		3,345,287
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,735,835		-		607,551		2,343,386
0032	Social Work Services	72,783		-		(75)		72,708
0033	Health Services	469,910		-		50,861		520,771
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,718,673		-		637		1,719,310
0035	Food Services	-		-		1,546,387		1,546,387
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,515,807		-		187,467		1,703,274
0041	General Administration	2,167,921		-		113,240		2,281,161
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	5,201,321		-		-		5,201,321
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	354,020		-		132,272		486,292
0053	Data Processing Services	2,046,219		-		-		2,046,219
0061	Community Services	5,349		-		169,251		174,600
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	323,387		2,170,000		-		2,493,387
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	67,770		3,768,867		-		3,836,637
0073	Debt Issuance Cost and Fees	1,056		549,614		-		550,670
0081	Capital Outlay	-		-		2,177,892		2,177,892
0093	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements	58,937		-		210,198		269,135
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	 603,722		-				603,722
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 46,069,940	\$	6,488,481	\$	11,071,196	\$	63,629,617
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over							
	Expenditures	\$ 7,037,252	\$	41,992	\$	(1,448,036)	\$	5,631,208
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
7911	Capital-Related Debt issued (Regular Bonds)	\$ -	\$	62,535,000	\$	-		62,535,000
7914	Issuance of Non-Current Debt	393,571		_		_		393,571
7915	Transfers In	298,387		_		1,824,160		2,122,547
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds			7,788,611		-		7,788,611
8911	Transfers Out	(1,824,160)		- ,,, 00,0		(298,387)		(2,122,547)
		(1,024,100)		(70, 700, 007)		(230,301)		
8949	Other Uses	 	-	(72,780,997)	-			(72,780,997)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (1,132,202)	\$	(2,457,386)	\$	1,525,773	\$	(2,063,815)
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 5,905,050	\$	(2,415,394)	\$	77,737	\$	3,567,393
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)	 17,843,426		7,354,042		5,573,351	_	30,770,819
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$ 23,748,476	\$	4,938,648	\$	5,651,088	\$	34,338,212

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 3,567,393

8,309,441

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	2,436,084
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(4,238,230)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this period.	48,132
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures on the funds.	72,961,667
Repayment of bond principal is an expense in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	2,170,000
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	323,387
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported to end of period.	1,223,674
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of period to end of period.	728,065
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activites.	253,765
Proceeds of notes do not provide revenue in the SOA, But are reported as current resources in the funds.	(393,571)
Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, But are reported as current resources in the funds.	(62,535,000)
Bond premiums are reported in the fnds but not in the SOA	(7,788,611)
OPEB Expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	797,487
OPEB contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deffered resource outflows.	248,267
OPEB contributions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	(254,533)
Pension Expense is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds,	(1,161,095)
Pension contributions in the CY are de-expended and recorded as deferred resources outflows.	856,051
Pension contriutions deferred in the PY are expended in the CY.	(933,491)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control Codes		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund Insurance Fund	
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	930,351
	Total Current Assets	\$	930,351
1000	Total Assets	\$	930,351
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	427,429
	Total Current Liabilities	_\$	427,429
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	427,429
	NET POSITION		
3900	Unrestricted Net Position	\$	502,922
3000	Total Net Position	\$	502,922

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data		Nonmajor Internal Service	
Control		Fund	
Codes			urance
	OPERATING REVENUES		Fund
	OF ENATING NEVEROES		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	455,735
5020	Total Revenues	\$	455,735
	ODEDATING EVDENCES		
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
6400	Other Operating Costs	\$	201,970
6030	Total Expenses	\$	201,970
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	253,765
0100	Net Position - Beginning (July 1)		249,157
3000	Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	502,922

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Nonmajor rnal Service Fund
	lr	nsurance Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Receipts from Quasi External Interfund Trasfers Cash Payments for Reinsurance and Administration Cash Payments for Claims	\$	455,736 (153,211) (33,760)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	268,765
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
NONE		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$	268,765
Cash and Investments - Beginning (July 1)		661,586
Cash and Investments - Ending (June 30)	\$	930,351
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	253,765
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		15,000
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	268,765

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Priva	te-Purpose				
			Trust Funds		Custodial		
Data		!			Funds		
Control		Scl	Scholarship		Student		
Codes	<u>_</u>	!	Funds		Activity		
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	86,098	\$	68,689		
1800	Restricted Assets		165,627				
1000	Total Assets	\$	251,725	\$	68,689		
	LIABILITIES						
	Current Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	<u>-</u>	\$			
2000	Total Liabilities	\$		\$			
	NET POSITION						
3800	Held in Trust	\$	251,725	\$	-		
	Restricted for:						
3490	Student Groups				68,689		
3000	Total Net Position	\$	251,725	\$	68,689		

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Private-Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds		
		Scholarship		Student		
		Funds		Activity		
ADDITIONS						
Donations	\$	5,762	\$	702		
Investment Earnings - Interest Revenue		141		-		
Fundraising Activities		<u> </u>		57,911		
Total Additions	<u>\$</u>	5,903	\$	58,613		
DEDUCTIONS						
Student Activities	\$	-	\$	64,720		
Benevolence				302		
Total Deductions	\$		\$	65,022		
Changes in Net Position	\$	5,903	\$	(6,409)		
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)	\$	245,822	\$	-		
Prior Period Adjustment		<u>-</u>		75,098		
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	<u></u> \$		\$	75,098		
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	251,725	\$	68,689		

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Greenville Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest and related costs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project years. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are proprietary type funds. These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements. The District uses internal service funds for self insured workers compensation activities.

Capital Projects Fund- This fund accounts for proceeds of long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire bond principal.

Custodial Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

#### b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

#### 4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$	-0-
Special Revenue Fund		-0-
Debt Service Fund		-0-
Total	Ф	0
Total	<u> </u>	-0-

# A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### 5. Financial Statement Amounts

#### Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

	General			ebt Service	Other overnmental	Total	
Nonspendable							 
Inventory	\$	6,874	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,874
Restricted							
Child Nutrition Program		-		-		1,621,893	1,621,893
Retirement of Long Term Debt		-		4,938,648			4,938,648
Construction		-		-		3,344,336	3,344,336
Regional Day School		-		-		290,856	290,856
Communities Texas Grant		-				96,436	96,436
Dyslexia Grant		-				20,841	20,841
Committed							
Campus Activity Funds		-		-		276,726	276,726
Assigned							
Other Assigned		2,000,000		-		-	2,000,000
Unassigned		21,741,602		-			21,741,602
Totals	\$	23,748,476	\$	4,938,648	\$	5,651,088	\$ 34,338,212

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Inventories

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment and food products. Under this method, supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

#### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting years and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

#### Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 10,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	⊏Siiiiaieu
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

Estimated

#### Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future year and not returned as liabilities.

#### 6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement Number 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior year adjustment.

# A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

# 7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### 8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### 9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave vests, accumulates, and is recorded as expense as it is incurred. Sick leave is paid upon separation from the District.

#### 10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### 12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

# A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### 13. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### 14. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

#### B. Deposits, Securities and Investments

#### Cash Deposits

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the year.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The PFIA governs the District's investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

District investments include investments in Certificates of Deposit, Lone Star Investment Pool, Texas CLASS and Municipal Bonds with TD Ameritrade. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments.

# B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

	Fair Value/ oritized Costs	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Governmental Activities		
Cash on Deposit Investments:	\$ 21,432,180	N/A
Lone Star Investment Pool	6,624,819	47
Texas CLASS	2,547,893	45
Certificates of Deposit	250,000	N/A
TD Ameritrade	1,731,822	N/A
Total	\$ 32,586,714	

#### Lone Star Investment Pool

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the PFIA, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net Asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

## Texas CLASS

In accordance with FASB guidance, Texas CLASS utilizes ASC "Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure" to define fair value, establish a framework for measuring fair value, and expand disclosure requirements regarding fair value measurements. ASC 820 does not require new fair value measurements, but is applied to the extent that other accounting pronouncements require or permit fair value measurements. This standard emphasizes what participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. Various inputs are used in determining the value of Texas CLASS's portfolio investments defined pursuant to this standard. All investments are categorized as Level 2 for the fair value hierarchy. Level 2 inputs are prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing a security and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity.

#### TD Ameritrade

The District's investments with TD Ameritrade consists of certificates of deposits, municipal bonds, and FHLB-agency bonds. The municipal bonds are categorized as Level 2 for the fair value hierarchy. The fair value is obtained via a pricing method used by Bloomberg Professional Services whereby bonds with similar credit qualities, coupons, maturities, state locations, etc. are used to obtain a value for the portfolio bonds, as many of the bonds do not trade on a regular basis.

# B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

#### b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$28,795,713 and occurred in April 2021. The market value of bonds or other securities used to secure cash on the date of the highest combined cash balance was \$34,942,693. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000. American National Bank of Texas of Texas is the District's depository.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

# e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments this eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets: Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or equivalent) as practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

# B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

#### C. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting these criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 0.9032 to fund general operations and \$ 0.238481 for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 2,760,450,001. The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 20% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

#### D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	Decrea	ses		Ending Balances
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land	\$	1,607,652	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,607,652
Construction in Progress				1,487,876		-		1,487,876
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$	1,607,652	\$	1,487,876	\$	_	\$	3,095,528
Total Capital / 100010 Hot Dolling Doprociation	Ψ_	1,007,002	Ψ	1, 101,010	Ψ		Ψ_	0,000,020
Capital Assets being Depreciated:								
Building and Improvements	\$	140,408,087	\$	253,775	\$	-	\$	140,661,862
Equipment		4,230,190		126,481		-		4,356,671
Vehicles		4,559,325		567,952		-		5,127,277
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$	149,197,602	\$	948,208	\$	-	\$	150,145,810
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings and Improvements	\$	53,875,961	\$	3,717,963	\$	-	\$	57,593,924
Equipment		3,298,856		293,593		-		3,592,449
Vehicles		3,577,829		226,674		-		3,804,503
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	60,752,646	\$	4,238,230	\$	-	\$	64,990,876
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	\$	88,444,956	\$	(3,290,022)	\$	-	\$	85,154,934
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	90,052,608	\$	(1,802,146)	\$	-	\$	88,250,462

# D. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,943,396
Instructional Resources and Media Services	70,853
School Leadership	34,267
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,574
Health Services	20,285
Student (Pupil) Transportation	203,124
Food Services	193,349
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities	366,772
General Administration	9,533
Plant Maintenance and Operations	203,690
Security and Monitoring Services	100,411
Data Processing	 74,976
Total	\$ 4,238,230

#### E. Long-term Obligations

#### Long-term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	ı	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 73,445,000	\$ 62,535,000	\$ 64,705,000	\$ 71,275,000	\$	1,600,000
Loans	1,348,387	393,571	323,387	1,418,571		281,191
Accreted Interest Payable	-	7,809,937	1,245,000	6,564,937		-
Bond Premium (Discount)	 8,348,564	-	540,910	7,807,654		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 83,141,951	\$ 70,738,508	\$ 66,814,297	\$ 87,066,162	\$	1,881,191

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#### Bonds

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make semi-annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

The District issued "Greenville Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020" totaling \$ 62,535,000 to be used to refund maturities of the following outstanding series:

Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014

The bonds totaling \$62,535,000 are dated September 1, 2020 and were issued September 24, 2020. The proceeds including premium less issuance costs were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for debt service payments on the refunded debt. The refunding meets the requirements of an in-substance defeasance and the debt has been removed from the District's long term debt. The maturities of refunded debt will be called on various dates with all maturities refunded on the final call dates of February 15, 2024.

As a result of the refunding, District decreased its debt service requirements by \$23,004,502 The refunding was authorized to reduce debt requirements on previous issued debt. The refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the old and new debt) of \$13,684,560.

# E. <u>Long-term Obligations (Continued)</u>

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Outstanding Balance
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	2.960%	\$ 1,505,000	\$ 660,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2014	3.254%	64,315,000	320,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	1.562%	13,230,000	8,530,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2020			61,765,000
Totals			\$ 71,275,000

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2022		1,600,000	4,899,670	6,499,670
2023		1,550,000	4,953,945	6,503,945
2024		2,440,000	1,498,945	3,938,945
2025		2,520,000	1,413,322	3,933,322
2026		2,615,000	1,326,535	3,941,535
2027-2031		16,090,000	5,636,172	21,726,172
2032-2036		15,615,000	4,395,245	20,010,245
2037-2041		17,365,000	2,702,152	20,067,152
2042-2046		11,480,000	580,033	12,060,033
	_			
Totals		\$ 71,275,000	\$ 27,406,019	\$ 98,681,019

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year end.

## Loans

The District issued various agreements identified here as loans. These loans include financing arrangements including maintenance tax notes.

Loan terms require annual principal and interest payments over the life of the loan. The loan is for 10 years, with final payment date of February 2026.

The following schedule lists the outstanding loans at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Outstanding Balance
American National Bank (Buses) - (TEC 45.108) Maintenance Tax Notes, Series 2010 - (TEC 45.18)	3.50% 5.46%	\$ 531,571 3,050,000	\$ 393,571 1,025,000
Totals			\$ 1,418,571

Maturity requirement on the loans at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2022	281,1	91 67,381	348,572
2023	286,4	53,073	339,507
2024	284,1	45 38,894	323,039
2025	281,9	25,045	306,983
2026	284,8	363 11,200	296,063
Totals	\$ 1,418,5	571 \$ 195,593	3 \$ 1,614,164

## F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan</u>

# 1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

#### 2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2020 and 2019.

Net Pension Liability	2020	2019				
Total Pension Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 218,974,205,084 (165,416,245,243)	\$	209,961,325,288 (157,978,199,075)			
Net Pension Liabilty	\$ 53,557,959,841	\$	51,983,126,213			
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability	75.54%		75.24%			

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a year that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization year already exceeds 31 years, the year would be increased by such action.

## F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan

In May 2019, the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13<sup>th</sup> check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$ 2,000, whichever was less.

## 4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code Section 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2021 thru 2025.

#### **Contribution Rates**

		2020	2021
Member		7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Co	ntributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.5%
Employers		7.5%	7.5%
Current Year	Employer Contributions	\$	1,019,695
Current Year	Member Contributions	\$	2,581,623
Measurement Year	NECE On-Behalf Contributions	\$	1,933,162

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.5% increasing to 2% over the period ending 2025 on all covered payroll.

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

# 5. Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward to

August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate 7.25%
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Benefit Changes during the year

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

Municipal Bond Rate

Ending year in Projection Period

None

2.33%

The actuarial assumptions used in this determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2019. A full description of the assumptions are included with the report dated November 9, 2017.

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2021 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all years of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as August 31, 2019 are summarized on the next page:

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

Asset Class	FY 2020 Target Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Long -Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return <sup>2</sup>	Expected Contribution to Long- Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity	,,,		rtotumo
U.S.	18.0%	3.9%	0.99%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	5.1%	0.92%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	5.6%	0.83%
Directional Hedge Funds		-	-
Private Equity	14.0%	6.7%	1.41%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	-0.7%	-0.05%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Inves	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	1.9%	0.11%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds <sup>4</sup>		-	-
Real Estate	15.0%	4.6%	1.02%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.0%	6.0%	0.42%
Commodities	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	8.0%	3.0%	0.30%
Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	-1.5%	-0.03%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.0%	-1.3%	0.08%
Inflation Expectation			2.00%
Volatility Drag <sup>3</sup>			-0.67%
Expected Return	100%		7.33%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY2020 policy model.

# 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 – percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		Di	scount Rate	19	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	22,085,067	\$	14,322,519	\$	8,015,618

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$ 14,322,519 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 14,322,519
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	25,093,476
	 _
Total	\$ 39,415,995

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hew itt (as of 8/31/2020)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Volatility Drag results from the conversation between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

# F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled to August 31, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the year September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0267420915%, which was a decrease of 0.0013703976% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

# 9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement year.

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,112,774 and revenue of \$3,018,188 for support provided by the State.

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes of actuarial assumptions	\$	26,152 3,323,334	\$	399,703 1,413,058
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		289,947		-
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	-	601,088		758,565
Total as of August 31, 2020 measurement date	\$	4,240,521	\$	2,571,326
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		856,051		<u>-</u>
Total at fiscal year end	\$	5,096,572	\$	2,571,326

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending				
June 30	Amount			
2022	\$	571,164		
2023		655,576		
2024		575,920		
2025		120,844		
2026		(222,838)		
Thereafter		(31,472)		

#### G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

#### 1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.052.

## G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr/pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability		2020		2019		
Total OPEB Liability Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	40,010,833,815 (1,996,317,932)	\$	48,583,247,239 (1,292,022,349)		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	38,014,515,883	\$	47,291,224,890		
Net Position as percentage of Total OPEB Liability		4.99%		2.66%		

#### 3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The TRS Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the table below:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates						
	Employer	Employee				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse Retiree and Spouse Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children Retiree and Family	\$ 135 529 468 1,020	\$ 200 689 408 999				

## G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

#### 4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

#### **Contribution Rates**

	2020	 2021
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$ 297,037
Current Year Member Contributions		\$ 217,928
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 408,038

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

A supplemental appropriation was authorized by Senate Bill 1264 of the 86<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature to provide \$ 2,208,137 for fiscal year 2020 and \$ 3,312,206 for fiscal year 2021, for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers. Funding will be in fiscal year 2021.

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2020. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2019 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Salary Increases
Rates of Disability

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases are identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement year ended August 31, 2017.

# G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full generational mortality using scale BB. The past retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2019 rolled forward to

August 31, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30% Discount Rate 2.33%

Aging Factors

Expenses

Based on plan specific experience
Third-party administrative expenses
related to the delivery of health care
benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claims costs.

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and

40% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discountinue coverage at age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

#### 6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.33% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all years of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

# 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.33%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease Discount Rate		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 18,224,730	\$ 15,187,304	\$ 12,788,173	

#### 8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate (8.5%), as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	Current Healthcare 1% Decrease Cost Trend Rate 1% Ir		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 12,406,081	\$ 15,187,304	\$ 18,891,499

# G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$ 15,187,304 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 15,187,304
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 20,408,095
Total	\$ 35,595,399

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and rolled forward to August 31, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the year September 1, 2019 thru August 31, 2020.

At August 31, 2020, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0399513271%, which was an increase of 0.0001438354% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurements of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement year:

- a. Discount rate decreased from 2.65% to 2.33% increasing the Total OPEB Liability.
- b. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.
- c. The ultimate healthcare assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement year.

For the current year, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$ (684,660) and revenue of \$ (141,706) for support provided by the State.

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's		795,201 936,741 4,935	\$	6,950,487 4,170,512			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		174,751		2,152,361			
Total as of August 31, 2019 measurement date	\$	1,911,628	\$	13,273,360			
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		248,267		<u> </u>			
Total at fiscal year end	\$	2,159,895	\$	13,273,360			

# G. Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (Continued)

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2022	\$ (1,844,312)
2023	(1,844,972)
2024	(1,845,349)
2025	(1,845,246)
2026	(1,439,589)
Thereafter	(2,542,265)

#### H. Medicare Part D Coverage

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 151,098, \$ 149,400 and \$ 129,297 respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

#### I. Risk Management

#### Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 325 per month per employee and employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and Blue Cross Blue Shield is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Blue Cross Blue Shield are available for the year ended December 31, 2020 and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records

#### Workers Compensation

The District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All districts participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members and their injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$ 176,515. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2020, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$ 21,075 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year endeding August 31, 2021, the fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance of Austin.

## I. Risk Management (Continued)

# Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2020 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

# Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were not significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

## J. <u>Litigation</u>

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of June 30, 2021.

# K. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### L. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Agreement	Fiscal Agent	Service
Regional Day School for the Deaf	Greenville Independent School District	Deaf Education
Block Grant SSA	Education Service Center, Region X	ESSA Title II ESSA Title VI ESSA Title III ESSA Title I, Part C

#### M. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate sources in the Districts individual major funds and aggregate non-major funds consisting of the following:

	General		Debt Service	G	Other overnmental	Total
Property Tax Collections	\$ 25,128,150	\$	6,408,959	\$	-	\$ 31,537,109
Investment Income	147,990		18,366		4,882	171,238
Food Service Income	-		-		91,012	91,012
Services to Other Districts	-		-		167,485	167,485
Co-curricular Activities	80,297		-		166,457	246,754
Rent	2,640		-		-	2,640
Donations	-		-		322,127	322,127
Tuition	9,870		-		-	9,870
Other	 922,912		-		-	922,912
Totals	\$ 26,291,859	\$	6,427,325	\$	751,963	\$ 33,471,147

# N. Receivables

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	 General		Debt Service		Other overnmental	Total
Due from Other Governments	\$ 4,351,504	\$	-	\$	3,110,558	\$ 7,462,062
Property Taxes	1,821,935		413,036		-	2,234,971
Less Allowance for Uncollectible						
Property Taxes	(182,194)		(41,304)		-	(223,498)
Other Receivables	 112,199		28,517		-	140,716
Net Receivables	\$ 6,103,444	\$	400,249	\$	3,110,558	\$ 9,614,251

# O. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after June 30, 2021 up through November 22, 2021 the date the financial statements were issued.

# P. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

# P. State Aid Reconciliation (Continued)

	 Available	Foundation		 IFA	 EDA
CY Summary of Finances (SOF) Prior Year Settle Ups	\$ 2,361,028	\$	21,068,072 108,972	Not Eligible	\$ 103,146 -
Financial Statement Earnings	\$ 2,361,028	\$	21,177,044	\$ 	\$ 103,146
Financial Statement Amounts Receivables - Scheduled Payments Settle Up Amounts	\$ 514,531	\$	4,745,669	\$ -	\$ -
Receivable (Overpayments)	 		(1,051,695)	 	 (9,056)
Net Receivable (Unearned Revenue)	\$ 514,531	\$	3,693,974	\$ _	\$ (9,056)

<sup>\*</sup> Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

# Q. Interfund Balances and Activities

#### Transfers Between Funds

Transfers between funds during the year consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Trasfers To	Amount	Reason
General CRF - ESSER - 1	Capital Projects General	\$1,824,160 298,387	Future Construction Pre-Award Expenditures
	Total	\$2,122,547	

## R. <u>Change in Accounting Principle</u>

The District implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statements during the year. The provisions impact the financial reporting for the District. Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, relates to the presentation and accounting for custodial funds of the District. The standard includes fiduciary reporting and accounting for Student Custodial Funds (previously presented as Student Agency Funds) of the District. GASB Statements 91, 92, and 93, have also been implemented but do not have an impact on the District's financial reporting.

## S. Prior Period Adjustments

During the year, the District implemented GASB 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which require the reclassification and establishment of new equity accounts presented as Custodial Funds for the previously presented Student Agency Funds. The prior financial statement amount represented as Due to Student Groups is reclassified and presented as Net Position – Restricted for Student Activities. The establishment of the net position balances required the beginning equity to be increased by \$ 75,098 as presented on Exhibit E-2. The reclassification does not effect the government-wide or governmental fund financial statements. Only the fiduciary fund financial statements are affected.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	YEA	AR ENDI	ED JUNE 30, 2	2021					
									ariance with
Data Contro	1		Budgeted	1 Amoi	inte			FI	nal Budget Positive
Codes			Original	AIIIO	Final		Actual	(	Negative)
00000			Origina.				7101441		rioganio)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	24,604,167	\$	26,004,167	\$	26,291,859	\$	287,692
5800	State Program Revenues		24,378,162		25,878,162		25,772,235		(105,927)
5900	Federal Program Revenues		1,373,415		837,632		1,043,098		205,466
5020	Total Revenues	_\$	50,355,744	\$	52,719,961	\$	53,107,192	\$	387,231
	EXPENDITURES								
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
	Instruction	\$	27,538,679	\$	27,664,081	\$	24,453,620	\$	3,210,461
	Instructional Resources and Media Services		211,964		211,964		143,009		68,955
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	1,471,103	_	1,471,103	_	1,278,611	_	192,492
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$	29,221,746	\$	29,347,148	\$	25,875,240	\$	3,471,908
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership	\$	880,259	\$	880,259	\$	721,760	\$	158,499
	School Leadership	•	3,424,602	•	3,424,602	Ψ	3,130,230	Ψ	294,372
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$	4,304,861	\$	4,304,861	\$	3,851,990	\$	452,871
		<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	.,,	<u> </u>	2,221,222		,
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031		\$	1,734,232	\$	1,795,732	\$	1,735,835	\$	59,897
0032			76,660		76,659		72,783		3,876
0033	Health Services		451,646		480,443		469,910		10,533
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,383,700		1,989,251		1,718,673		270,578
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		1,685,371		1,735,371		1,515,807		219,564
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	5,331,609	\$	6,077,456	\$	5,513,008	\$	564,448
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration	\$	2,334,175	\$	2,334,175	\$	2,167,921	\$	166,254
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	2,334,175	\$	2,334,175	\$	2,167,921	\$	166,254
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:	•		•		•	= 004 004	•	
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	\$	5,454,530	\$	6,005,530	\$	5,201,321	\$	804,209
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		477,132		453,631		354,020		99,611
0053	9	\$	2,147,987	\$	2,154,987	\$	2,046,219	\$	108,768
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	Φ	8,079,649	<u> </u>	8,614,148	Φ	7,601,560	Φ	1,012,588
	Ancillary Services:								
0061	Community Services	\$	25,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,349	\$	4,651
	Total Ancillary Services	\$	25,000	\$	10,000	\$	5,349	\$	4,651
				-					
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$	319,512	\$	389,600	\$	323,387	\$	66,213
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		73,988		3,900		67,770		(63,870)
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		1,500		1,500		1,056		444
	Total Debt Service	\$	395,000	\$	395,000	\$	392,213	\$	2,787
0000	Intergovernmental Charges:	•	450,000	•	450,000	•	50.007	•	04.000
0093	,	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	58,937	\$	91,063
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	\$	755,000	\$	605,000	\$	662,659	\$	1,278
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	Φ	755,000	Φ_	755,000	<u> </u>	662,659	Φ	92,341
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	50,447,040	\$	51,837,788	\$	46,069,940	\$	5,767,848
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	(91,296)	\$	882,173	\$	7,037,252	\$	6,155,079
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7914	Issurance of Non-Current Debt	\$	-	\$	_	\$	393,571	\$	393,571
	Transfers In		-		-		298,387		298,387
8911	Transfers Out				_		(1,824,160)		(1,824,160)
	Net Other Financial Sources (Uses)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(1,132,202)	\$	(1,132,202)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(91,296)	\$	882,173	\$	5,905,050	\$	5,022,877
1200	The change in Fand Balance	φ	(31,230)	φ	002,173	φ	3,303,030	ψ	0,022,011
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)		17,843,426		17,843,426		17,843,426		<u> </u>
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$	17,752,130	\$	18,725,599	\$	23,748,476	\$	5,022,877
				_					

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*	2014*
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0267420915%	0.0281124891%	0.0276034382%	0.0289254973%	0.0289072966%	0.0289191000%	0.0188226000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 14,322,519	\$ 14,613,751	\$ 15,193,602	\$ 9,248,816	\$ 10,923,638	\$ 10,222,517	\$ 5,027,777
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	25,093,476	22,607,271	29,110,475	16,695,163	18,501,144	17,084,658	14,915,939
Total	\$ 39,415,995	\$ 37,221,022	\$ 44,304,077	\$ 25,943,979	\$ 29,424,782	\$ 27,307,175	\$ 19,943,716
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 34,265,161	\$ 31,227,761	\$ 33,394,485	\$ 32,430,857	\$ 29,982,493	\$ 27,792,451	\$ 27,286,099
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	41.80%	46.80%	45.50%	28.52%	36.43%	36.78%	18.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

<sup>\*</sup> The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pensions plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68.

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contributions	\$ 1,019,695	\$ 1,096,974	\$ 968,175	\$ 929,825	\$ 947,927	\$ 918,458	\$ 856,308
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	 (1,019,695)	 (1,096,974)	 (968, 175)	 (929,825)	 (947,927)	 (918,458)	 (856,308)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 33,527,586	\$ 33,930,886	\$ 31,297,945	\$ 33,394,485	\$ 32,430,857	\$ 29,982,493	\$ 27,792,451
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.04%	3.23%	3.09%	2.78%	2.92%	3.06%	3.08%

Note: Only seven years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2020*	2019*	2018*	2017*
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	0.0399513271% \$ 15,187,304 20,408,095	0.0398074917% \$ 18,825,450 25,014,813	0.0442493111% \$ 22,094,086 27,040,711	0.0440185629% \$ 19,142,002 23,938,842
Total	\$ 35,595,399	\$ 43,840,263	\$ 49,134,797	\$ 43,080,844
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 34,265,161	\$ 31,227,761	\$ 33,394,485	\$ 32,430,857
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	44.32%	60.28%	66.16%	59.02%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

<sup>\*</sup> The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75.

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	2021			2020	2019	2018		
Contractually required contributions	\$	297,037	\$	301,144	\$ 282,674	\$	305,223	
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions		(297,037)		(301,144)	 (282,674)		(305,223)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	
District's covered employee payroll	\$	33,527,586	\$	33,930,886	\$ 31,297,945	\$	33,394,485	
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		0.89%		0.89%	0.90%		0.91%	

Note: Only four years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

# B. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of assumptions since the prior measurement period.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following changes occurred in the plan assumptions.

- a. The discount rate changed from 2.65% to 2.33%
- b. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%.
- 2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES REVEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		1	2	3	10	20	30	30a	40	50
Tax		Tax Rates		_Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current			Entire	Ending
Roll	Last Ten Years Ended		Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's	Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance
Year	June 30	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	9/1/2020	Total Levy	Tax Collections	Tax Collections	Adjustments	6/30/2020
XXXX	2012 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	498,833	\$ -	\$ 28,935	\$ 3,483	\$ (72,303)	394,112
2012	2013	1.040000	0.133700	1,654,696,515	80,086	-	7,713	1,131	(2,983)	68,259
2013	2014	1.040000	0.140400	1,586,154,352	71,061	-	8,886	1,234	(1,892)	59,049
2014	2015	1.040000	0.315000	1,738,375,390	80,738	-	8,522	1,268	(2,991)	67,957
2015	2016	1.040000	0.308210	1,775,582,092	84,726	-	11,947	1,627	(2,359)	68,793
2016	2017	1.040000	0.269170	1,920,664,770	108,593	-	12,452	1,601	(5,348)	89,192
2017	2018	1.040000	0.268481	2,060,938,820	169,137	-	39,441	5,324	(2,959)	121,413
2018	2019	1.060000	0.238481	2,236,797,443	290,790	-	46,189	13,990	(53,595)	177,016
2019	2020	0.990000	0.238481	2,439,685,499	797,527	-	296,310	87,813	(95,448)	317,956
2020	2021	0.903200	0.238481	2,760,450,001	-	31,515,533	24,262,151	6,279,482	(102,676)	871,224
1000	TOTALS			<u>-</u>	\$ 2,181,491	\$ 31,515,533	\$ 24,722,546	\$ 6,396,953	\$ (342,554)	2,234,971

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

							Va	riance with	
Data							Fii	nal Budget	
Control		B	Budgeted Amounts					Positive	
Codes	3	Origir	nal	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
	DE1/ENUE								
	REVENUES						_	,	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	•	2,500 \$	302,500	\$	94,180	\$	(208,320)	
5800	State Program Revenues		6,500	16,500		18,295		1,795	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	3,19	0,000_	3,190,000		1,761,350		(1,428,650)	
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 3,509	9,000 \$	3,509,000	\$	1,873,825	\$	(1,635,175)	
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Service	\$ 3,50	9,000 \$	3,509,000	\$	1,546,387	\$	1,962,613	
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		9,000 \$	3,509,000	\$	1,546,387	\$	1,962,613	
					_				
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 3,50	9,000 \$	3,509,000	\$	1,546,387	\$	1,962,613	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	327,438	\$	327,438	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	- \$	-	\$	327,438	\$	327,438	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	1,29	4,455_	1,294,455		1,294,455			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 1,29	4,455 \$	1,294,455	\$	1,621,893	\$	327,438	

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Contro	ıl	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 5,866,823	\$ 6,388,823	\$ 6,427,327	\$ 38,504	
5800	State Program Revenues		103,891	103,146	(745)	
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 5,866,823	\$ 6,492,714	\$ 6,530,473	\$ 37,759	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	\$ 1,400,000	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 2,170,000	\$ -	
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	3,599,288	3,805,503	3,768,867	36,636	
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	5,000	244,500	549,614	(305,114)	
	Total Debt Service	\$ 5,004,288	\$ 6,220,003	\$ 6,488,481	\$ (268,478)	
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 5,004,288	\$ 6,220,003	\$ 6,488,481	\$ (268,478)	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 862,535	\$ 272,711	\$ 41,992	\$ (230,719)	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	\$ -	\$ 69,695,934	\$ 62,535,000	\$ (7,160,934)	
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	317,614	7,788,611	7,470,997	
8949	Other Uses		(72,780,997)	(72,780,997)		
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$ (2,767,449)	\$ (2,457,386)	\$ 310,063	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 862,535	\$ (2,494,738)	\$ (2,415,394)	\$ 79,344	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	7,354,042	7,354,042	7,354,042		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 8,216,577	\$ 4,859,304	\$ 4,938,648	\$ 79,344	

# GREEVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Data Control		Pagagaga
<u>Codes</u>		Response
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and / other sources information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments).	Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the shool district is considered to have been inssued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the school districts fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school districts property value at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ 6,564,937

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(01) Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal CFDA Number	(02A) Pass-Through Identifying Grant Number	(03) Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:			
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESSA Title I Part A - School Improvement Total CFDA 84.010	84.010 84.010 84.010	20610101116905 216101011116905 21610141116905	\$ 52,129 1,223,403 114,004 1,389,536
IDEA-B Formula - B IDEA-B Formula - B IDEA-B Discretionary - B IDEA - C, Early Intervention Total CFDA 84.027	84.027 84.027 84.027 84.027	206600011169056600 216600011169056000 21610011169056000 213911011169050000	188,704 601,073 216,873 240 1,006,890
IDEA-B Preschool - B Total CFDA 84.173	84.173	2166100116905	28,729 28,729
Carl Perkins - Perkins V Total CFDA 84.048	84.048	214200006116905	75,466 75,466
ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Education ESSA Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Education Principal Preparation Grant Principal Preparation Grant Total CFDA 84.367	84.367 84.367 84.367 84.367	20686001116905 21686001116905 206945677110006 216945677110006	7,824 219,104 22,448 70,000 319,376
ESSA Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition ESSA Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition Total CFDA 84.365	84.365 84.365	20671001116905 21671001116905	2,815 123,325 126,140
21st Century Grant* 21st Century Grant* Total CFDA 84.287	84.287c 84.287c	206950247110012 216950247110012	89,879 1,302,532 1,392,411
ESSA Title V Part B - Rural & Low Income School ESSA Title V Part B - Rural & Low Income School Total CFDA 84.358	84.358b 84.358b	20696001116905 21696001116905	101,325 96,379 197,704
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - I Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief - III Total CFDA 84.425	84.425d 84.425u	20521001116905 21528001116905	582,458 9,155 591,613
ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement ESSA Title IV Part A - Student Support & Academic Achievement Total CFDA 84.424	84.424a 84.424a	20680101116905 2168010116905	2,759 83,879 86,638
Insructional Continuity	84.377a	17610740116905	9,500
Teacher Leadership Incentive	84.374	116-905	103,400
Total passed through the Texas Education Agency			5,327,403
Total Department of Education			\$ 5,327,403

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(01)	(02)	(02A)		(03)
Federal Grantor/	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through		Federal
Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Number	ldentifying Grant Number	E	rederal openditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	rambo	Orana Hamison		<del>, porialitareo</del>
Direct Program:				
Head Start*	93.600	07CH6997/20	\$	46,423
Head Start*	93.600	07CH6997/21		964,940
Total CFDA 93.600				1,011,363
Total Department of Health and Human Services			_\$	1,011,363
U.S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT				
Passed through the Texas Department Of Emergency Management:				
Prior Purchase Reimbursement Program	21.019	52202002	\$	54,262
Caronavirus Relief Program	21.019	52202003	Ψ	254,646
<b>.</b>			-	
Total Treasury Department			\$	308,908
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program - A	10.553	0600	\$	409,556
National School Lunch Program - A	10.555	0600		1,115,402
USDA Commodity Food Distribution Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.565	091015A		236,392
Total Department of Agriculture			\$	1,761,350
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards			\$	8,409,024

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes Major Programs

The accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this statement

A - Child Nutrition Cluster

B - Special Education Cluster

# GREENVILLE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Greenville Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting year in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### B. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. No provision has been made for amounts on hand at year end.

#### C. Subrecipients

The District provided federal awards to subrecipients in the Head Start program as follows:

Commerce Independent School District Quinlan Independent School District	\$ 120,054 90,143
Total	\$ 210,197

# D. <u>Reconciliations of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements</u>

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$	8,409,024
Federal Program Indirect Cost School Health and Related Services E-Rate Reimbursement	-	221,959 782,787 38,352
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	\$	9,452,122